

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XI	Department: Commerce
WORKSHEET: 2	Topic: Nature and Purpose of Business

- Q1. Identify the activity which is not an auxiliary to trade.
- (a) Banking
- (b) Warehousing
- (c) Insurance
- (d) Mining
- Q2. Industries like sugar mills or oil refineries are put under which category-
- (a) Primary
- (b) Secondary
- (c) Tertiary
- (d) None of the above
- Q3. Which of the following is not a characteristic of business?
- (a) Production
- (b) Exchange or sale
- (c) Wages or salaries
- (d) Risk element
- Q4. Which of the following is not a business activity?
- (a) Production of goods
- (b) Work in a factory for wages
- (c) Exchange of goods
- (d) Transportation
- Q5. Which of the following is not an economic activity?
- (a) Production
- (b) Trading in goods
- (c) Professional
- (d) Social service
- Q6. Mechanical failures, political disturbances and other unforeseen events are-
- (a) Natural causes
- (b) Economic causes
- (c) Human causes
- (d) Other causes
- Q7. The production of goods takes place in particular locations but they are used at different places.
- So, the obstacle of place is removed by-
- (a) Banking
- (b) Advertising
- (c) Insurance
- (d) Transport

Q8. The process of exchanging ideas, and information by speaking, writing, etc. is termed as (a) Sender (b) Medium (c) Communication (d) None of these	
Q9 was particularly valued in the Roman Empire and was known as 'Black Gold'. a) Mustard b) Pepper c) Petroleum d) None of the above	
Q10 merchants handled business in the northern region a) Punjabi b) Chatt c) Mahajan d) None of the above	
Q11 is were important traders from the South. a) Chatt b) Mahajan c) Punjabi d) None of the above	
Q12. It was an important exporting centre for wool and for the import of horses. a) Broach b) Indraprastha c) Peshawar d) Taxila	
Q13. It was the commercial junction on the royal road where most routes leading to the east, west, south and north converged. a) Broach b) Indraprastha c) Peshawar d) Taxila	
Q14. It was the greatest seat of commerce in Western India. It was situated on the banks of river Narmada and was linked with all important marts by roadways. a) Broach b) Indraprastha c) Peshawar d) Taxila	
Q15. Which auxiliary to trade bridges the time gap between production and consumption? (a) Advertising (b) Banking (c) Insurance (d) Warehousing	

- Q16. The amount of loss or damage and compensation for injury can be recovered by using which auxiliary to trade
- (a) Advertising
- (b) Premium
- (c) Insurance
- (d) Policy
- Q17. It removes the hindrance of information.
- a) Insurance
- b) Advertising
- c) Warehousing
- d) Communication
- Q18. It refers to the position of an enterprise in relation to its competitors-Identify the objective of business.
- a) Market standing
- b) Innovation
- c) Productivity
- d) Social responsibility
- Q19. It is ascertained by comparing the value of output with the value of inputs. It is used as a measure of efficiency.
- a) Market standing
- b) Innovation
- c) Productivity
- d) Social responsibility
- Q20. It refers to the obligation of business firms to contribute resources for solving social problems and work in a socially desirable manner
- a) Market standing
- b) Innovation
- c) Productivity
- d) Social responsibility
- Q21. The industry concerned with using the material which have already been extracted at the primary stage is-
- (a) Primary
- (b) Tertiary
- (c) secondary
- (d) None of these
- Q22. Mr X started business of buying and selling of refrigerators. The term for this type of business activity is-
- (a) Commerce
- (b) Trade
- (c) Selling
- (d) Transaction
- Q23. Recognise the assembling industry out of these-
- (a) Poultry, cattle farms
- (b) Cement, brick
- (c) Sugar, cotton
- (d) Television, computer

- Q24. In which form of economic activity code of conduct is prescribed-
- (a) Business
- (b) Employment
- (c) Profession
- (d) None of these
- Q25. The best example of analytical industry is-
- (a) Cement
- (b) Computer
- (c) Sugar mill
- (d) Oil refinery
- Q26. Support services to industrial \business activities are clubbed under?
- (a) Commercial industries
- (b) Primary industries
- (c) Secondary industries
- (d) Tertiary industries
- Q27. Which of the following is not a cause of business risk?
- (a) Breakdown of machinery
- (b) Efficient management
- (c) Riot
- (d) Changing government policy
- Q28. Why should a business earn profit?
- (a) To provide return to investors.
- (b) To provide funds for future growth.
- (c) To increase the reputation of business.
- (d) All the above
- Q29. Which of the following is not a true statement?
- (a) The scope of commerce is narrower than business.
- (b)Commerce includes trade and auxiliaries to trade.
- (c) Foreign trade is purchase and sale by the traders of the same country.
- (d)Traders serve as a link between producers and consumers.
- Q 30. Which one of the following may not be a factor behind starting a business?
- (a) routine workload
- (b) size of the firm
- (c) finance
- (d) location of the business